## Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, LLC Installation & Operation Instructions

## Model # 974212-TD · Timed FT Electric W-25 Asphalt Release Sprayer

### REQUIREMENTS

p to 160°F
01000F31
/2" ID x 25'
540
20V

## **OPTIONS**

Stainless Steel Hose Racks	
Small Stainless Steel Hose Rack	# 224145

# 720981

## Heater Assembly

Retro-Fit Heater Assembly

#### Drum & Tote Stick Lengths & Seal Materials

Drum Stick, 33" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491643 / 491643-E
Drum Stick, 48" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491648 / 491648-E
Drum Stick, 54" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491645 / 491645-E
Tote Stick, 33" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491653 / 491653-E
Tote Stick, 48" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491654 / 491654-E
Tote Stick, 54" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491656 / 491656-E

#### Alternate Chemical Check Valve - Viton Standard

Check Valve, Chemical, PP(W), 1/4"	# 401401
(EPDM)	# 491401





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WARNING! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT!

## **OVERVIEW**

The Timed FT Electric Asphalt Release W-25 Sprayer is a timed-delay spray applicator for diluting and projecting asphalt release chemicals on to truck beds or tools to prevent asphalt from sticking. It is designed to work in facilities that have low or fluctuating water pressure. This system features a lockable, stainless steel enclosure and uses an electric pump to draw water from an integrated float tank and drive the system. A venturi injector draws chemical concentrate from any container and blends it into the water stream to create an accurately diluted solution and then the solution is then projected through the discharge hose, wand and fan nozzle. When the activation button is pushed, a dual-timer controls the length of application and the delay time which prevents the driver from immediately restarting the system.

## **SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS**

- When connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.
- See Additional Safety Precautions included with the Electrical Control Box Installation Information
- Always consider electrical shock hazard when working with and handling electrical equipment. If uncertain, consult an Electrician. Electrical wiring should only be done by a qualified Electrician, per Local and State Electrical Codes.
- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- For proper performance do NOT modify electrical control box.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- NEVER mix chemicals without <u>first</u> consulting chemical manufacturer.
- Never operate the pump in a harsh environment or hazardous atmosphere, since motor brush and switch may cause electrical arcing.
- Consult with the factory if the pump is to be used with fluids other than water. Do not use with flammable or hazardous fluids.
- Disconnect electrical power to the control box prior to opening it.
- · Remove any packing material from inside the control box before operating.

## TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

#### If you are connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.

- 1. Do NOT connect to electricity yet.
- 2. Mount the unit to a suitable surface above the chemical supply to prevent siphoning.
- 3. Connect the discharge hose(s) as shown in the diagram.
- 4. Connect water supply. If water piping is older, or has known contaminants, install a filter.
- Turn on water supply and fill the integral tank. Ensure the float turns off properly and does not overfill. It has been factory set. If it overflows remove lid and adjust the float.
- 6. Mount the push button activation control box.

# Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the suction tube in the chemical concentrate.
- If necessary, cut suction tube(s) to length before attaching suction strainer.

## SETTING THE TIMER

1. Make sure the system is not plugged in to a power source. Remove control box cover. The box contains one timer with "Run & Delay" adjustment knobs.

**Run:** This mode allows you to set the length of time you want the unit to run each time the operator presses the remote button. Turn the knob to set the run time (0-6 Minutes).

**Delay:** This mode allows you to set the length of time you want the unit to to be inactive after each application. Turn the knob to set the delay time (0-6 Minutes).

- 2. Replace the control box cover.
- 3. Plug the power cord into a 120 VAC power outlet. GFI recommended.
- 4. Turn on your air and/or water supply (if applicable).
- 5. Push the remote button to activate the timer and make any last adjustments needed.
- 6. The unit is ready for operation. The run mode will activate the unit for the preset run time, turn off, and will not reactivate until the time runs out on the delay mode. Then the unit will reset.

### TO OPERATE

- 1. With the wand in hand push the remote button.
- 2. Open the discharge ball valve and begin application.
- 3. The run timer will activate the unit for the preset time and turn the unit off. The delay timer will prevent the unit from activating until the preset delay time runs out, then the button will reset.
- 4. Make final metering tip adjustments based on results.

#### METERING TIP SELECTION

METERING TIP COLOR	OZ/MIN	DILUTION RATIO @ 50 PSI
Brown	0.56	343:1
Clear	0.88	218:1
Bright Purple	1.38	139:1
White	2.15	89:1
Pink	2.93	66:1
Corn Yellow	3.84	50:1
Dark Green	4.88	39:1
Orange	5.77	33:1
Gray	6.01	32:1
Light Green	7.01	27:1
Med. Green	8.06	24:1
Clear Pink	9.43	20:1
Yellow Green	11.50	17:1
Burgundy	11.93	16:1
Pale Pink	13.87	14:1
Light Blue	15.14	13:1
Dark Purple	17.88	11:1
Navy Blue	25.36	8:1
Clear Aqua	28.60	7:1
Black	50.00	4:1
No Tip Ratio Up To:		3:1

The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

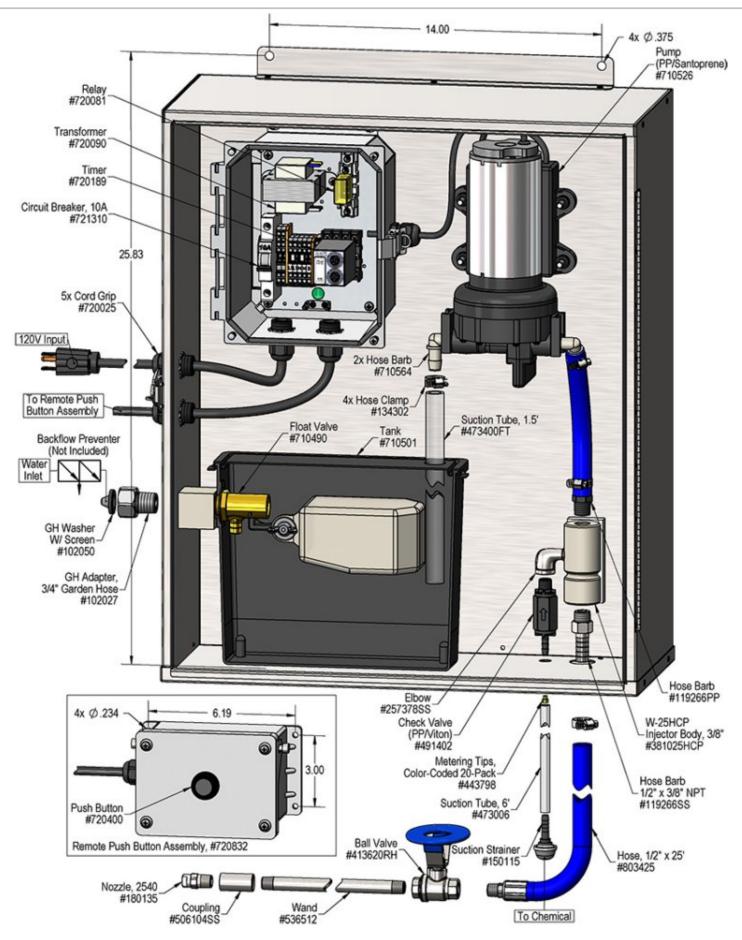
#### FORMULA

#### GPM × 128 ÷ Desired Dilution Ratio = oz/min

- See Unit Flow Rates chart for GPM
- Use 20 for 20:1 dilution ratio, 30 for 30:1, etc.
   Match adjusted suppose per minute (az/min)
- Match calculated ounces per minute (oz/min) to nearest oz/min in Metering Tip Selection chart.

UNIT FLOW RATES	
PSI	GPM
50	1.50





## **Troubleshooting Guide**

Problem	Po	ssible Cause / Solution
Problem	Startup	Maintenance
A) Unit will not draw chemical	1,4,5,6,7	10,11,12,13,14,15,16
B) Dilution too weak	2,4,5	11,12,13,14,15
C) Dilution too strong	3	
D) Water backing up into chemical container		10
E) Unit doesn't come on when when button is pushed.	8,9	

Possible Cause / Solution			
Startup	Maintenance		
<ul> <li>Switch not in the on position or discharge ball valve not completely open         <ul> <li>Completely open discharge ball valve.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>10. Chemical check valve stuck or failed</b> ∘ Clean or replace.		
<ul> <li>Electric problems, ensure unit is plugged in (GFI recommended)</li> <li>Turn Switch to the "On" position.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>11. Chemical strainer or metering tip partially blocked         <ul> <li>Clean or replace chemical strainer and/or metering tip.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>A runn switch to the "On" position.</li> <li>2. Not enough chemical - metering tip too small         <ul> <li>Install larger metering tip.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>12. Chemical tube stretched out or pin hole/cut in chemical tube</li> <li>• Cut off end of tube or replace tube.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>3. No metering tip installed or metering tip too large</li> <li>o Install smaller metering tip.</li> </ul>	<b>13. Vacuum leak in chemical pick-up connections</b> • Tighten the connection.		
<ul> <li>Chemical tube not immersed in chemical or chemical depleted         <ul> <li>Immerse tube or replenish.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>14. Water strainer clogged or missing/injector inlet orifice clogged         <ul> <li>Clean or replace strainer; check/clean inlet orifice for cleater the clean or cleater the clean or clean or</li></ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>5. Discharge hose kinked</li> <li> <ul> <li>Straighten the hose.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	obstructions. DO NOT DRILL OUT. 15. Hard water scale or chemical build-up may have formed in the injector body causing poor or no chemical pick-up		
6. Nozzle size too small (SEE REQUIREMENTS)	<ul> <li>Follow Preventive Maintenance instructions below,</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>7. Water supply or water tank empty.</li> <li>• Fill water tank</li> <li>• Turn water supply on.</li> </ul>	using hot water and/or de-scaling acid. When there is no draw at all, carefully remove fittings and soak entire injector body in de-scaling acid.		
<ul> <li>8. Timer failed/Controller not set properly or malfunctioned         <ul> <li>Replace timer.</li> <li>See Controller manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>16. May have pump problems</b> ∘ Refer to pump manual.		
<ul> <li>9. May have electrical problems <ul> <li>Ensure circuit breaker (5 Amp) has not been tripped.</li> <li>Have a qualified electrician check electrical connections.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.

