# Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, LLC Installation & Operation Instructions

# Model # 925023-E · Pump Up Sprayer Pro, 1.5 Gallon (EPDM Seals)

#### REQUIREMENTS

up to 120°F	
# '	709040
# 70	9040-E
#	709049
#	985100
#	981100
	# # 70 # #



WARNING! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT!

## **OVERVIEW**

The 1.5 Gallon Pump-Up Sprayer PRO is a heavy-duty, portable spray applicator for applying ready-to-use chemicals on to any surface. Includes EPDM o-rings and internal seals. This professional model features a more durable 6' hose, trigger gun, extension wand, and fan nozzle compared to your typical pump-up sprayer.

# **SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS**

- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from electrical devices and people/animals (as appropriate)
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

- This high density polyethylene unit is fitted with EPDM seals. Chemicals and lubricants not compatible with polyethylene or EPDM should not be used. (Viton seals are available for separate purchase.)
- Do not alter pressure relief valve or plug valve hole.
- Regularly lubricate pressure relief valve with a non-water-soluble grease (such as a silicone compound) and ensure proper operation, using water in the tank, prior to each use. Regular lubrication of cap seal and threads with a non-water-soluble grease will help ensure proper sealing of cap.
- Do not lift or carry by the hose or trigger gun.
- Securely tighten pump: loose pump can be forcibly ejected.
- Carefully follow chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions and recommended precautions/practices when using flammable chemicals. Do not use hot liquids.
- Do not exceed 45 psi pressure and do not inflate without liquid in the tank
- Do not fill the tank over 3/4 full. Relieving pressure in an overfill condition can cause harmful venting of contents.
- Never stand with face or body over the top of tank when loosening pump or relieving pressure.
- After pumping, be sure the handle is in the locked down position
- On completion of operation, with the tank in the upright position, relieve pressure in the tank by gently pulling up on the pressure relief valve on the side of the tank.

### TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

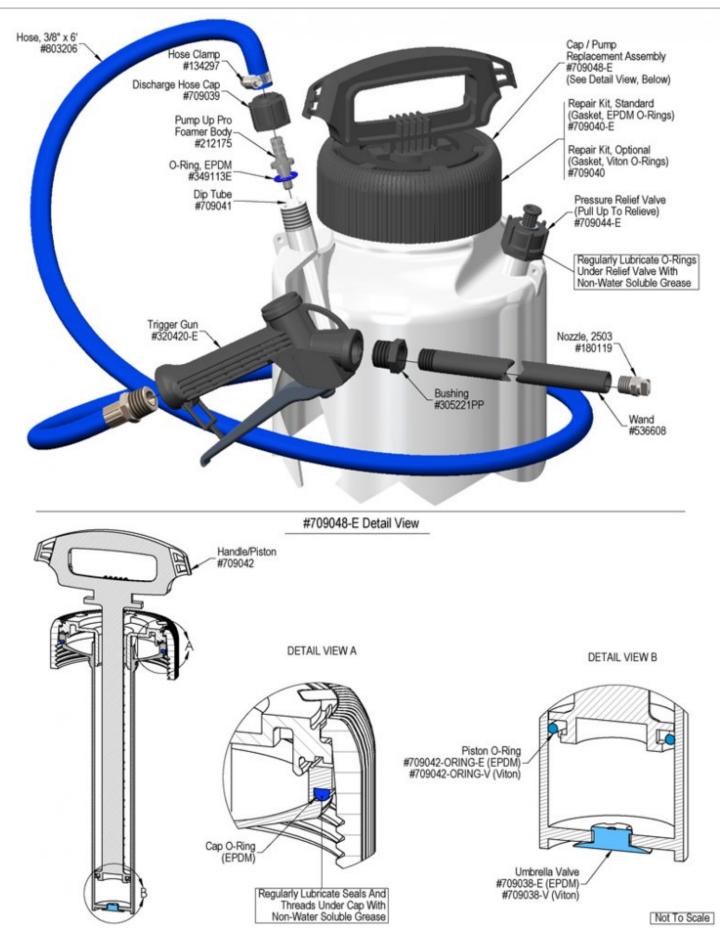
1. Turn pump lid counterclockwise to remove pump and lid.

NOTE: Do not remove or tighten the lid using the handle. Rotational force on the handle can cause damage.

- 2. Add chemical solution to the tank. Leaving extra "air space" in the tank and less chemical will give longer spraying time between re-pressurizing. DO NOT FILL THE TANK OVER 3/4 FULL (75%).
- 3. Tighten cap and pump for a good seal. Regular lubrication of cap seal and threads will help ensure proper sealing and removal of cap. NOTE: It is a good idea to thoroughly rinse out the tank, fill with water, partially re-pressurize, and discharge to flush out the entire hose/nozzle assembly after use and before storing sprayer. When using aggressive or corrosive chemicals never leave chemical solution in the tank after use.

#### **TO OPERATE**

- 1. Pump up sprayer until the pressure relief valve starts to rise/relieve. Less if a lighter spray pressure and volume is desired
- 2. Pull the trigger to start and stop spraying. Re-pump up as spray begins to slow down.
- 3. On completion of spraying, with the tank in the upright position, relieve pressure in the tank by gently pulling up on the pressure relief valve on the side of the tank.
- 4. Prior to every refill of the tank, pull up on relief valve to ensure it is depressurized before removing the lid and pump.
- 5. To store: Partially fill the tank with fresh water and pump it up. Pull the trigger and rinse the sprayer out.



Troubleshooting Guide				
Problem	lem Possible Cause / Solution Startup Maintenan		Cause / Solution Maintenance	
A) Sprayer sputtering B) No output / unit will not spray C) Tank will not pressurize and/or hold pressure		1 2 1 2 2	Manitenance	
Possible Cause / Solution				
Startup		Maintenance		
<ul> <li>1. Not enough air pressure <ul> <li>Pump up the sprayer several strokes</li> <li>Less liquid in the tank will allow for more air pressure to build and spray for longer</li> <li>The air relief valve will rise when maximum pressure is achieved</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	comp	<ul> <li>2. Air leaks due to loose lid, worn or damaged components/fittings <ul> <li>Ensure lid is snug, but not overtight. Lubricate the lid and pressure relief o-rings. Order repair kit and replace damaged o-rings, gaskets, umbrella valve etc. See part 3 for part numbers</li> <li>Refer to the Pump-Up O-Ring Replacement Guide <a href="http://appequip.net/uploads/documents/pump-up-o-ring-replacement.pdf">http://appequip.net/uploads/documents/pump-up-o-ring-replacement.pdf</a></li> <li>The o-ring on the piston (inside the shaft) creates pressure and should be kept well-lubricated since it is exposed to friction from pumping. Replace as needed</li> <li>The umbrella valve on the bottom of the piston shaft holds pressure in the tank and needs to form a tight seal. Do not scratch the valve seat! Replace as needed.</li> <li>Ensure that your chemical and lubricant are compatible with the o-ring seals for this equipment. Incompatible chemicals or lubricants can quickly degrade the o-ring.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: \* Prior to storage, empty, clean and dry the foamer. \* Lubricate o-ring in pressure relief valve and the piston/cylinder with a compatible non-water soluble grease (such as a silicone lubricant) on a regular basis. \* Lubricate tank cap threads and both sides of the gasket to achieve a tight seal and to ease tightening and loosening. \* Replace cracked or damaged seals before use.

