Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, LLC Installation & Operation Instructions

Model # 989900 · 20 Gallon Wet Well / Drain Maintainer

REQUIREMENTS

Chemical Concentrate

up to 160°F
35 to 100 PSI
3.3 GPM @ 40 PSI
1/2"
1/2" ID x 75'
Wobble Nozzle & Foam Bar
Wobble Nozzle & Foam Bar

OPTIONS

Stainless Steel Jug Racks	
2 ½ Gal. (8 ½" x 10 ½")	# 224210
5 Gallon (12" x 12") Round/Square	# 224215
Alternate Check Valve - EPDM Standard Foam Blast Check Valve, PVC / EPDM, 3/8"	# 491456-E
Tank Fill Check Valve, PP(W), 1/4" (EPDM)	# 491401





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WARNING! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT!

OVERVIEW

The Wet Well Maintainer is a unique water driven float tank system which provides both a continuous drizzle of chemical solution accompanied by recycling bursts of airless foam. The dilution ratio for the foam burst is independent of the drizzle solution and can be of the same or a different chemical. It is ideal for continuously treating wet wells, FOG cakes in lift stations, drains, lagoons and for odor control.

SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS

- When connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.
- WARNING: Severe damage to your facility, or contamination of your potable water supply, can occur without proper backflow prevention.
- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and safety goggles when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- For pressures over 100 PSI, remove the discharge valve or lower pressure.
- Never leave inlet ball valves on when unit is not in use.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- NEVER mix chemicals without <u>first</u> consulting chemical manufacturer.

Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the suction tube in the chemical concentrate.
- If necessary, cut suction tube(s) to length before attaching suction strainer.

METERING TIP SELECTION

METERING TIP COLOR	P OZ/MIN		ON SI
		FILL	FOAM
Brown	0.56	526:1	286:1
Clear	0.88	335:1	182:1
Bright Purple	1.38	213:1	116:1
White	2.15	137:1	74:1
Pink	2.93	100:1	55:1
Corn Yellow	3.84	77:1	42:1
Dark Green	4.88	60:1	33:1
Orange	5.77	51:1	28:1
Gray	6.01	49:1	27:1
Light Green	7.01	42:1	23:1
Med. Green	8.06	37:1	20:1
Clear Pink	9.43	31:1	17:1
Yellow Green	11.50	26:1	14:1
Burgundy	11.93	25:1	13:1
Pale Pink	13.87	21:1	12:1
Light Blue	15.14	19:1	11:1
Dark Purple	17.88	16:1	9:1
Navy Blue	25.36	12:1	6:1
Clear Aqua	28.60	10:1	_
Black	50.00	—	_
No Tip Ratio Up To:	7:1	6:1	

The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

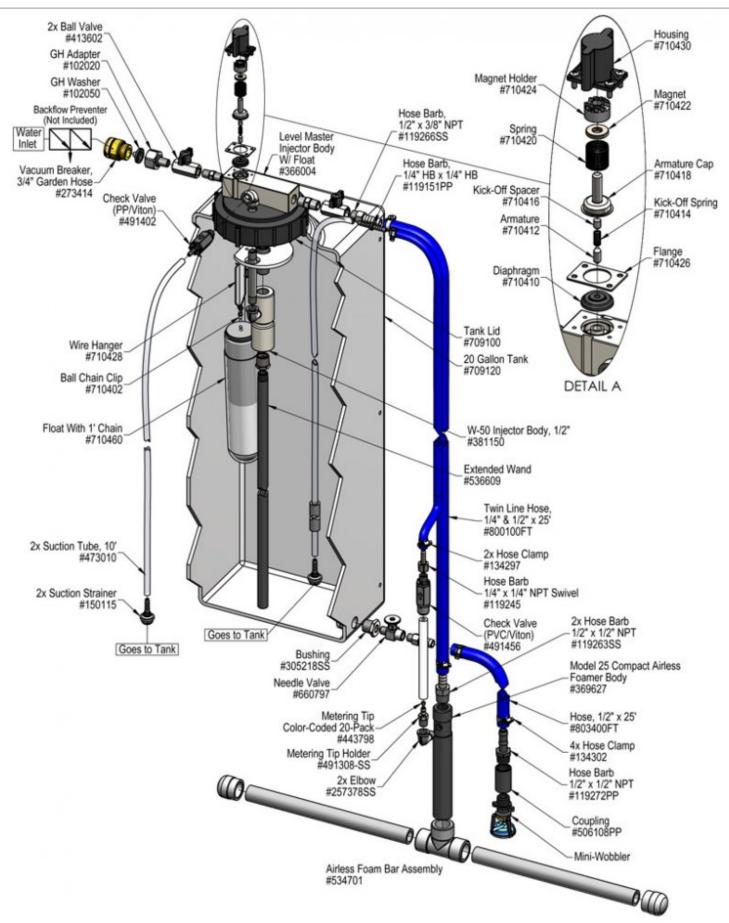
FORMULA

- GPM × 128 ÷ Desired Dilution Ratio = oz/min
- See Unit Flow Rates chart for GPM

• Use 20 for 20:1 dilution ratio, 30 for 30:1, etc.

• Match calculated ounces per minute (oz/min) to nearest oz/min in Metering Tip Selection chart.

UNIT FLOW RATES				
PSI		GPM		
	FILL	FOAM		
35	2.15	1.17		
40	2.30	1.25		
50	2.57	1.40		
60	2.82	1.53		
70	3.04	1.65		
80	3.25	1.77		
90	3.45	1.88		
100	3.64	1.98		
110	3.81	2.07		
120	3.98	2.17		
125	4.07	2.21		



Troubleshooting Guide				
	Possible Cause / Solution			
roblem	Startup Maintenance			
Will not draw chemical Foam does not clean or foam properly Using too much chemical Water backing up into chemical container	1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 10 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16			
Possible Ca	use / Solution			
Startup	Maintenance			
 Inlet ball valve not completely open Completely open the inlet ball valve. 	10. Chemical check valve stuck or failed • Clean or replace.			
 Not enough chemical - metering tip too small Install larger metering tip. 	11. Chemical strainer or metering tip partially blocked • Clean or replace chemical strainer and/or metering tip.			
 No metering tip installed or metering tip too large Install smaller metering tip. 	12. Chemical tube stretched out or pin hole/cut in chemical tube			
 Improper chemical Ensure product is recommended for foaming and the application. 	 Cut off end of tube or replace tube. 13. Vacuum leak in chemical pick-up connections Tighten the connection. 			
 5. Chemical tube not immersed in chemical or chemical depleted Immerse tube or replenish. 	 14. Water strainer clogged or missing/injector inlet orifice clogged Clean or replace strainer; check/clean inlet orifice for obstructions. DO NOT DRILL OUT. 			
 6. Discharge hose too long or wrong size or kinked Straighten the hose or replace hose with correct size. 7. Discharge ball valve not completely open Completely open the discharge ball valve. 8. Water pressure or water volume too low/inlet piping too small causing poor chemical pick up 	 15. Hard water scale or chemical build-up may have formed in the injector body causing poor or no chemical pick-up Follow Preventive Maintenance instructions below, using hot water and/or de-scaling acid. When there is draw at all, carefully remove fittings and soak entire injector body in de-scaling acid. 			
 Increase water pressure or water volume Soil has hardened on surface; always rinse before chemical dries Reapplication may be necessary. 	 16. Foam wand clogged or scaled up / wrong nozzle Hard water scale or chemical build-up may have forme soak entire foam wand in de-scaling acid / see requirements. 			
	 17. More than one chemical ball valve open or no chemical valve open 2 & 3 Way models only 			

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.
